AN IMPRESSION IN OHIO THAT JOHN SHERMAN WILL BE A MEMBER OF THE CABINET-

HIGH HONORS PRESAGED FOR RED. FIELD PROCTOR, OF VERMONT.

Indianapolis, Nov. 21.—The reticence of the Presi dent-elect respecting what he may do in the future is a characteristic that just at this time stands out in bold relief from other qualities of the man, and it is ngly impressed upon the minds of those who come early to obtain information as to what may be expected from him. It is his nature to be conservative, and in the whole of his public career he has never permitted himself to express an opinion that was not well considered. It is evident that as President of the United States he is determined to proceed with even greater than usual deliberation in reach ing his conclusions, and not until the time for action will his ideas or intentions be made known to the pub lic. The cautious disposition of the General was strikingly illustrated to-day when A. C. Mellette, the Provisional Governor of Dakota, and O. S. Gifford, Dele gate to Congress from the Territory, called upon him to ascertain, if possible, what encouragement he would give them in proceeding with immediate preparations for Dakota's admission to the Union. Governor Mellette talked with him on the matter last Saturday The President-elect listened attentively and with evident interest to all that was said, but expressed no opinion himself. The Governor concluded that it ould probably be idvisable to go over the matter somewhat more fully at another conference, permission of the Presidentelect, called Delegate Gifford to the city to join him in a more forcible presentation of the subject. The conference to-day lasted about an hour. The main object of the men from Dakota was to get from General Harrison some expression indicating that he is dis posed to call an extra session of Congress next spring. so that preparations might safely be made by the citizens of the Territory for its admission to the United States. They were not as successful as they hoped they would be. The President-elect listened pa-tiently enough, but he had little to say, and that little was not just what they wanted. They freely admited that he was wisely cautious. He told them the information they had given him was valuable, and he was thankful to them for it. He did not believe that it would be advisable for him at this time to indicate what his intentions might be. It was too early, and besides he desired to hear what might be said on the other side of the question before deciding whether or not be would call an extra session of Congress. With that the conference ended, but the Dakota representatives returned to the home of the President-elect again to-night with the hope that he might be disposed to say somewhat more What are you expecting relative to the admission

of Dakota?" Delegate Gifford was asked this evening "I am sure," he replied, "that our Territory will be dmitted into the Union within a year at most. It is our desire that it should be taken in sooner, but that all depends upon whether or not there will be an extra session of Congress, a thing that at this time The President-elect will altogether uncertain. probably not be disposed to call an extra session urless he is given some assurance that it will be agreeable to the members of Congress. I am on my vay to Washington now to ascertain what is the feeling among the Republican members of the Senate I am inclined to believe that there will be an extra session, because it seems to me generally concelled that there is need for tariff and revenue legislation with as little delay as possible."

"In the meantime, will the people of Dakota pro ceed with preparations for admission to the Union!" In South Dakota we already have a Constitution, which was adopted three years ago, and a bill enabling the Territory to become a State has al ready passed the Senate. It is true that it has been reported upon adversely in the House, but still it is on the calendar as a pending bill and can be called u for passage at any time. In North Dakota, the Legislature will meet to January, and I think it will at once order that the necessary steps be taken in anticipation of an extra session. The people of the Territory are impatient for the rights of State Gov They feel that, with their population, it is an outrage to take their money as taxes and to send nto the Territory Eastern men to administer the laws."

Among the callers at the home of the Presidentbleet to-day there were several men of political pron nence, including A. L. Conger, of Akron, Ohio, and General James M. Shackelford, of Fransville, Ind., each of whom came to talk to him about appointments, but not with reference to Cabinet selections. General Shackelford was one of the leaders of the Groshat Republicans who went from Indiana to the Chicago convention, but after the nomination he gave hearty support to General Harrison. He has long had a lesire to go abroad as a representative of the United States, and under the Arthur Administration was prominent as an aspirant for appointment as United States Minister to Mexico. It is not improbable that he will be given a position of importance under the new Administration. In Southern Indiana he has much influence in politics, and in war history is distinguished es the colonel who pursued John Morgan, the federate guerilla, on his raid into the North, and captured him in Ohio.

The purpose of Mr. Conger's visit was well con cealed. It is known, however, that he came on the invitation of the President-elect and was evidently greatly pleased with what he referred to as his "hour chat with General Harrison." terview, he said that Ohio people expected that John Sherman would be named as one of the Cabinet Ministers, either Secretary of State or Secretary of the Treasury, and it was believed that he would

"Who will be likely to succeed him in the Senate, If he is called into the Cabinet ?"

Governor Foraker would probably be elected his In the general talk at this time it appears that he is regarded as the leading candidate

it appears that he is regarded as the leading candidate. Congressman McKiniey might be elected, but it is the expectation that he will be the next speaker of the House. There are many available men in Ohlo who would make good senators, among them ex-Governor Foster, General Grusvener and Congressman Butterworten, an of whom are regarded as asymants, it Mr. Sherman does not desire a re-election."

A now surgestion regarded as asymants, it Mr. Sherman does not desire a re-election.

A now surgestion regarding a probable Cabinet appointment comes from high enough authority to make it worthy of some consideration, and it is really a little strange that if all incories as to who would be rewarded for important campaign services, Red-field Proctor, ex-Governor of Vermon has been entiriety overlooked. The Vermont delegation was one of the first that came to the support of General Harrison in the Chicago Convention, and its ten votes were cust solidly for him through many ballots preceding the nomination. It was largely through the influence of Redfield Proctor that this important support was thrown to the Indiana canadate. It received grateful attention from General Harrison at the time, and after when Mr. Proctor called upon the nominate at his home in this city, he was given an exceptionally warm weicome. Vermont has not been represented in the Cabinet since 1849, and it is not improbable that the President-cocci may determine to appoint Mr. Prector Secretary of the Interior. If he is not called into the Cabinet, he will certainly be given a position of importance.

A PRIVATE SECRETARY APPOINTED. E. W. HALFORD, A NEWSPAPER MAN, SELECTED

BY GENERAL HARRISON. Indianapolis, Nov. 21 (Special).-The authoritative announcement was made to-night that the Presidentelect had determined to appoint E. W. Halford, managing editor of "The Journal," his private secretary. information was given to a few representatives of the press by Russell Harrison, son of the Presidentelect, who stated that the determination was reached to-day. Mr. Halford was called to the house yester day for a conference, and was then informed that it was the desire of the President-elect that he should ac cept the position. He at once expressed his willingness serve the President in any capacity desired, and to-day formally accepted the offer. enter upon the discharge of the duties of the position. He is in every way well qualified for the posttion, and besides has for some time been one of the confidential friends of the President-elect. He is a devout church member. Mr. Haiford is a native of England. He came to America with his parents when a child, and with the exception of a brief residence at Hamilton, Ohio, has lived in Indianapolis since boy hood. His education, with the exception of what he obtained in the common school, has been acquired In the newspaper office. Beginning as a type-setter, he tose rapidly in the line of newspaper work until he became the managing editor of "The Journal," and his twesty-five years of experience has been entirely devoted to that paper, with the exception of two years which he spant in Chicago as managing editor of "The Inter-Occan," and a year or two when he was employed by "The Indianapolis News." He is now about forty-five years of age, and his family consist of a wife and daughter. in the newspaper office. Beginning as a type-setter

For Dyspepsia USE HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE LORENZO WAITE PHISHIEL MARK, may for a period of about oight weeks, to the exchange remedies, I attribute the restoration to that who was eminerated to the last degree it of a petion, who was emission to the last degree in con-sequence of nervous presention and designous. This pa-tiend's stomach was in such an initiable condition that he could not bear either liquid or solid food. An accom-pliance physician of many years' experience, whom I called in consultation, pronounced his care an incurable one. At this stage I decided to use Horsford's Acid Phosphate, which resulted as above mentioned." W. M. IVINS EXAMINED.

NO HINT OF HIS PURPOSE AS TO DAKOTA. A QUEER COMPANY WITH QUEER WAYS. THOSE INSIDE" COULD GET SHARES AT \$6 50.

THOSE "OUTSIDE" AT \$50.

The trial of the suit of Mrs. Madge Stone agains City Chamberlain William M. Ivins was resumed in Part I of the Saperior Court, before Chief Justice Sedgwick, yesterday. W. Bourke Cockran appeared for the plaintiff, and ex-surrogate Rollins for the defendant. The plaintiff sues to recover \$2,000, which she alleges, was obtained from her by fraudulent represcutation on the purchase of some stock in the In ternational Chemical Company of New-York, in which Mr. Ivins was interested. The defendant claims that the plaintiff paid the money for the purchase of a porof his interest in the corporation, and yesterday the City Chamberlain was placed on the stand in rebuital of the evidence of the previous day offered by the plaintiff. In anticipation of the City Chamberla being called as a witness on his own behalf, a large portion of the court-room was filled with visitor Frank B. Carpenter continued his testimony. He said he had done his utmost to get Mr. Ivins to return th He was a friend of both. money to the plaintiff. When questioned as to the value of the stock of the company, he said it was sold to people "inside" at

86 50 a share, and at 850 a share to outsiders. Mr. Cockran.-Do you remember a certain rich gentle man who was going to buy a big block of the stock, on which anticipated purchase great speculations were based? A -1 remember that Dr. Mallery was going to

buy 1,000 shares at 250 each, but it fell through.

Q.—So the millionaire saved his money? A.—He did.

Q.—Where was the company's office? A.—It had no

Q .- Did it have a safe? A .- No siz. Q .- Any books? A .- Only one book.

This reply caused much amusement. Then a juror asked Mr. Carpenter if he had any business, to which the witness replied, emphatically: "No, sir." "But you are a painter," persisted the juror. "No, sir

Eugene R. Leland was the next witness. He said that Roger A. Pryor and himself were two of the original incorporators of the company. He produced a document showing that Mr. Ivins held 151 shares In reply to Mr. Cockran, the witness said that he was the president of the company, and that its office was in his private office. "Then you are all there is of the company," asked Mr. Cockran, to which the witness replied: "I am." James S. Merriam said that he had used every effort to induce Mr. Ivins to return the money to Mrs. Stone, but he had not re-

William M. Ivins was placed on the stand. He said that at the time of the making of the contracts on which the suit was based, he was practising law in New-York and was a partner in the firm of Pryor & General Roger A. Pryor was his partner. The General introduced him to Frank B. Carpenter. He said: "Mr. Ivins can do better for you than I can. Mr. Carpenter." Two agreements were drawn up an Mr. Carpenter assisted. "Mr. Carpenter," continued Mr. Ivins, "is one of the most expert." "Now just you stop," said Judge sedgwick. just you stop," said Judge Sedgwick. "Just answer the questions as put to you. Just state the facts." Mr. Ivins then stated that he was introduced to Mrs. Stone by Mr. Carpenter, who said she wanted to buy a portion of his share in the company. Mr. Carpenter had promised Mrs. Stone that she should be one of the original subscribers to the stock of the Internations! Chemical Company, and for that reason he wanted the stock for het. Mr. Carpenter offered him 82,000 for his share in the firm. One thousand down and the other thousand later.

Mr. Rollins-When was the \$500 referred to by Mr. Schulz-When was the \$500 referred to by Mr.

oth of January. That was the \$500 referred to by Mr. Carpenter. The next \$500 was paid by Mrs. Stone. In the meantime our contracts had been altered. At Mr. Carpenter's request, I sold my share to Mrs. Stone. contracts were read to Mrs. Stone when they were After I had read the contracts, Mrs. Stone said he desired to take them from me.

Exhibits were then handed to the witness, who identaled them as the contracts referred to. witness also testified that he signed the contracts and then handed them to Mr. Carpenter to get Mrs. Stone's signature attached. He admitted on cross-examination that the contracts were in his own handwriting. The examination of Mr. Ivins will be resumed to day.

MR. FRY'S LETTERS NOT AFFECTIONATE.

MRS. HIBBARD NOT EVEN ADDRESSED AS "DEAR ELIZA"-TESTIMONY IN THE CASE AT BEAVER, PENN.

Beaver, Penn., Nov. 21 (Special).-Testimony in regard to the degree of intensity of Henry C. Fry's lovemaking seems to have been confined to the Hibbard and her daughter, Katle. No other witness has been found to testify to any ardor on Mr. Fry's Mr. Fry wrote to her as "Mrs. Hibbard." Dear Eliza" is to be found. To-day the counsel for the plaintiff tried to ascertain the state of Mr. Fry's finances, an important matter. W. S. Shallenberger. cashler of the First National Bank of Rochester, of which Mr. Fry is president, was put on the witness stand, but his information was of little value. He named several corporations in which Mr. Fry held stock, but did not know the value of the stock. Mary special choir sang "Abide With Me," and Dr. Taylor Murphy, formerly a servant in the employ of Mis-Hibbard, testified that she had once seen Mr. Fry in her mistress's parlor. She saw them through the key She said that she was an "old hand," had been married twice and was suspicious of the widow. was disappointed at seeing nothing improper. She was frequently interrupted by the laughter of the audience. Mrs. Hibbard's son, John, was recalled. Mr. Fry had talked to him about the suft and had offered to secure him a better situation, if he stopped the proceedings. Mr. Fry admitted that he had called on the witness's mother and had talked of love, but that the calls were made more on account of pity and kindness than for any other reason. They had quar-relied and Mrs. Hibbard had throatened to make it hot for him, and he didn't want any trouble on account of the children. He claimed that he had called at the house of Mrs. Hibbard four times only. Mr. Fry and young Hibbard had a second conversation, at which the former talked defiantly, threatened to send the widow to the penitentiary for perfury, and said that his suspicions had led him to employ a private detec tive, who had made notes of the conversation in the room at the Hotel Anderson, Pittsburg, where the marriage trip was abandoned at the defendant's request, Early in the afternoon the defence opened.

Zelia Moore testified that in 1884 Mrs. Hibbard said the was going to set her can for Mr. Frv. H. C. Fry, the defendant, went on the stand. He was pale complacent. He said his first call on the plaintiff was in response to a note from her. After that she managed to be on the trains often when he went to Pittsburg. After a short acquaintance she told him he was the only man she ever loved. He produced other notes by which he was induced to call on her. She found out he was going to Buffalo on November 2, 1887, and asked to go along to visit friends. had to stop at Pittsburg, and she stopped, too. He made a sweeping denial of the statements of the

FEAUDS TO BE EXPOSED IN WEST VIRGINIA. Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 21.-Chairman Cowden, of the Republican State Committee, will print a card in the morning in answer to Democratic charges of fraud on the part of the Republicans, in which he says that to all the countres in which frands are charged by the Democratic Committee the election machinery and returning boards are in the hands of Democrats. He adds that he is prepared to prove, and will prove at the proper time and place, that all sorts of violations of lay were committed in the interest of the Democratic party. He claims Goff's election as Governor,

THE FEDERAL CLUB ELECTS OFFICERS. There was an enjoyable gathering last night at the rooms of the Federal Club, Fifty-ninth-st, and Madison-Ostensibly the meeting was held to elect officers, but practically was turned into a jovial, sociable evening. E. F. Brown, the retiring president, made a happy vale dictory speech, and was heartily cheered. There was some talk about the dinner which the club will have probably in its rooms within a couple of weeks. Some members will go to the inauguration of President Harri-son, and that event was talked over. The acting secre-tary announced that the club had about 150 members, tary announced that he club had about 100 heart and the seventy of whem had been taken in during the year, and the treasurer made everybody happy by telling the club that it had a surplus in the treasury and did not owe a single dollar. These are the new officers: President, Theodore Roosevelt; vice-presidents, William E. Keyes and Charles E. Bidwell; secretary, James H. Phipps; treasurer, Henry L. Purdy; Governing Committee, class retiring 1891, Edward F. Brown, Issae P. Chambers,

Harrison D. Hunt, Edward L. Montgomery.

J. Arthur Barrett, one of the committee of lawyers who acted for the club on Election Day, said that the club was making satisfactory progress in the case of John Hampson, who is charged with intimidation and bribery. The case was continued yesterday before United States Commissioner Detel. Mr. Barrett, Elihu Root and George Bliss appeared for the Federal Club, and Mr. Barrett says that the United States officials are not siding the club all that they should in prosecuting this case. Commissioner Deucl, however, was fair and impartial, and several times had to protect the witnesses. Airrod and Maxime Laurone, who accuse Hampsen of intimideting and trying to bribe them. Once Mr. Barrett failed to get material questions put and Mr. Root made the same complaint. In the exami-ation yesterday H. A. Matthews, the Irish erator, testified that the Leuzones got Republican votes from him at the booth and told him

that Hampsen had offered them \$1 a piece for their votes.

A MATRIMONIAL ENTANGLEMENT.

A remarkable case of matrimonial entanglement

ame to light in Breoklyn yesterday. The disclos

A WOMAN ASES FOR MONEY FROM ONE RUS-BAND, WHILE LIVING WITH ANOTHER MAN AS HIS WIFE.

ures made will probably result in the breaking up of two families and a possible settlement in the courts. The present complication had its origin in 1875, when Minnie Jensen met R. S. Woods, who finally married They never lived together, but he continued to pay her a weekly allowance, until she told him one day that she was going South and would never trouble him again. Several months afterward be received a motter

purporting to come from her sister, which said that Mirrie had died in her arms. which confirmed the news in the letter, and giving his wife up as dead, matried again. He lived quietly with his family in East New-York for ten years until about three months age, when he re-ceived a curt letter from Lawyer Ed-ward E. Fitzgerald, of No. 30 Broadway, requesting him to call at the writer's office. There he was confronted by his first wife. He endeavored to learn what she hal been doing since he last saw her and where she was living. She gave him evasive answers and, after refusing to pay a sum of \$1,000 as dam ages, he finally acceded to the lawyer's demand that he pay her \$5 a week. The money was to be in-closed in an envelope and addressed to Mrs. R. S. Woods, P. O., New-York The instalments were sent regularly for several weeks until the second Mr. missing that amount Woods, housekeeping fund, became suspicious, finally unearthed his secret. Her aroused him into taking some more decisive action than he had thus far taken. He employed detective to hunt up the abiding place of his former garder and the fical outcome of their investigations was the discovery that she was married to Louis II. Hurst, lawyer at No. 14 Court-st., Brooklyn, and was living

with him at No. 236 Steuben st., Brooklyn. Several meetings of the two husbands have since taken place and efforts were in progress to untangle the snarl before the facts came out. Mrs. Hurst acted without her husband's knowledge in making her requisition for money upon Woods, and he offered to teimburse him for this and his other expenses. Mr. Hurst also says that his wife has a Western divorce and that he never recretted marrying her.

D. HENRY B. SANDS'S FUNERAL.

A LARGE NUMBER PRESENT-A FITTING ME

MORIAL SUGGESTED BY DR. TAYLOR. Dr. Henry B. Sands was buried yesterday afternoo at Woodlawn Cemetery, after a large number of his friends and a larger number of his professional brethren and students had done him the last honor. The funeral, held in the Broadway Tabernacle yesterday norning, by the Rev. Dr. William M. Taylor, was at tended by a large number of the prominent member of the medical profession in New-York and its vicin It was a notable gathering, and it formed an additional testimonial to the eminence of the surgeo and to the position he occupied in the scientific world.

Among the long list of well-known physicians an argeons present were delegations from the County Medical Society, the Pathological Society, the Phys cians' Mutual Aid Association, the Medical and Surgi cal Society, the Society for the Relief of the Widow and Orphans of Medical Men, the New-York Academy of Medicine, the Vanderbilt Clinic and Roosevelt Hos pital, including Doctors C. Hitchcock, G. H. Wynkoop. W. M. McLaury, J. E. S. Wyckoff, H. B. Shaw, Fancuil de Weisse, G. L. Knickerbocker, A. H. Little, Fordyce Barker, A. Jacobi, D. B. St. J. Roosa, E. W. Lambert, G. H. Fox, R. A. Caldwell, S. T. Hubbard, N. S. Westcott, O. A. Gorten, F. C. Husson, J. A. Campbell B. Judson, R. J. Hall, E. J. Ware, Elsworth Elliott, Willard Parker, B. Emmett, J. W. Roosevelt, Charles T. Poore, B. F. Curtis, Zebulon S. Webb, J. H. Girdner, W. A. Pierrepont, Burnett C. McIntyre, H. D. Nicoll, C. P. Mitchell, A. A. Smith, W. M. Polk, C. S. Bene dict, J. F. Eidlen, George W. Johnston and Mark Blu-menthal. The faculty of the College of Physicians and Surgeons was officially represented by Doctors Curtis, Dalton, Chandler, Morris, Starr, Barker, Peters

At 10:30 o'clock the body was excerted from Dr. Sands's home, No. 53 West Thirty-third-st., to the church, by the delegation named above and by the students of the College of Physicians and Surgeons; Doc tors J. C. Dalton, William H. Draper, James McLane, Francis Delafield, Charles McBurney, A. B. Hall and G. Curtis, and James Roosevelt. John Knox and N. G. Bradford acting as pall-bearers. Upon arrival at the Tabernacle, the escort took scats in the gallery. which had been reserved for them, while the pall bearers and the members of Dr. sands's family followed the coffin up the aisle as it was carried in procession. Dr. Taylor, after the coffin had been depo ited before the altar, read the usual burial service, beginning "I am the Resurrection and the Life." then delivered a eulogy on the dead surgeon, in which he praised the purpose to which Dr. Sands had de voted his life, and the success he had attained in servng suffering humanity. His personal qualities, he said, were testified to by the respect and popularity he

said, were testified to by the respect and popularity be enjoyed among his colleagues. "He was," he said. "the idol of his profession."

Dr. Taylor, in his address, referred to a plan which Dr. Sands formulated for building and equipping an operating amphith-catie in connection with Roosevelt Hospitel. Dr. Taylor said that the medical profession could erect no more fitting memorial to Dr. Sands than such a building, and he suggested that a subscription be started among physicians for the purpose of carrying out this plan of Dr. Sands. A gontleman who had at one time been attended by Dr. Sands wrote to Dr. Henry F. Wather, No. 8 East Thirtieth-st., last night, promising \$500 toward the fund, and several members of the medical profession also promised contributions.

The body was taken to Woodlawa on a special train at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

OBITUARY. NATHANIEL CURRIER.

Nathaniel Currier, the well-known publisher, died at his home, No. 28 West Twenty-seventh-st., late on Tuesday night. The immediate cause of his death was heart disease, an affliction which has been fatal to many members of his family. Mr. Currier was born in 1813 at Roxbury, Mass.

and after a common school education was apprentice to a firm in Boston to learn the trade of lithographs printing. After perfecting himself in that art removed to Philadelphia, and shortly afterward, to New-York, where he established a printing and pub lishing business. He began with only two handpresses; enlarging his business, however, in the course of years, until it was one of the largest, as well as one of the oldest in the country. In 1850 he tool James M. Ives into partnership, who, after his retirement in 1880, carried on the business with Mr. Currier son. The office of Currier & Ives was a favorit esort of many prominent men. Horace Greeley, Shepherd Knapp, "Ted Thorne, William Porter, Hiram Woodruff, all knew and loves genial "Nat." Currier, and spent much of their time in his store.

Mr. Currier was a man of fine presence, gental and attractive. He amassed great wealth and his benefactions were numerous, yet always so quiet and unostentatious that his left hand seldom knew the bounty of his right. He was twice married. Hists wife was Miss Fawnsworth, of Boston, who die years ago. His second wire, Miss Ormsbee, of Ve mont, to whom he was married in 1847, with one sor

funeral will take place at the family home on

VINCENT TILYOU. Vincent Tilyou, for many years a prominent figure in surance circles in this city, died yesterday at his home a Engiewood. For a long time he had suffered greatly from asthma, and of late this had been aggravated by various complications, and his death was due to exhaustion, resulting from his long illness. He was only fitty-six years old, but for two or three years had not been able to

attend to business with any regularity because of his bad Mr. Tilyou was of French Huguenot extraction, but his family had been long settled in New-York, and he was born in this city. His father was a sea captain, and he himself began his business life in an importing house. Afterward he became an insurance clerk, and after various promotions was made the president of the Arctic Fire Insurance Company, remaining in that position until the company was dissolved a few years ago. Since then be and been in the insurance commission business, with an office at No. 33 Pine-st. He was for a long time a resi dent of Brooklyn, but since 1869 hal lived in Englewood, where he was one of the most prominent cilizens. He

Atlanta, Nov. 21.-Judge Emory Speer, in the United States Circuit Court for the Southern District Officer state of the Central Railroad of Georgia of the franchises of the Savannah and Dublin Railway Company s void, because contrary to a provision of the Constitution of Georgia, prohibiting any corporation from purchasing the stock of any other, or making any contract which would have the effect of defeating competition or creating a monopoly. It is thought that the decision may have an adverse bearing monopoly to be sent consolidation of railroad interests in this State.

THE SLATER MUSEUM DONE but is not dangerously ill. There is every prospect | TWO NEW CHAMPIONS

NEWS FROM THE SUBURBS READY FOR THE ADMISSION OF THE PUBLIC

THE BEAUTIFUL BUILDING AT NORWICH, CONN., COMPLETED AND FILLED WITH THE REPRODUCTIONS OF ANCIENT

AND MEDIAEVAL ART. Norwich, Conn., Nov. 21.-The Slater Memorial Museum will be formally opened to-morrow to the The building which it occupies was the gift of William A. Slater to the Norwich Academy in memory of John P. Slater, his philanthropic father, who gave \$1,000,000 to educate the freedmen of the It measures 150 feet by 68 feet, and has a round tower 145 feet in height. It contains on the lower floor a large half for public and anniversary occasions, and two smaller halls, or class-rooms which can be thrown into the large hall, increasing its capacity to a total of 1,000 persons. The second story, with a gallery completely circling it, is occupied by the magnificent museum hall, and is one of the finest interiors in the country, by the library room to which the Peck Library has been transferred, and by two class-rooms. The materials used in finish ng the interior are hard-wood and marble. In se lidity of construction and perfection of finish, the

Memorial Building is unsurpassed in New-England
The Academy had long needed just such a building, but had failed to interest any of the many wealth; residents of this city, until Professor Hutchiuson prior to his demise in 1885, interested Mr. Slater work was begun with no definite idea to what ise the memorial would be put, other than that of a half for rhetorical and other scholagge purposes While the Memorial was building, Dr. Keep began h administration of the institution. gestion that a collection of local relics of Indian tradition was being gathered, which eventually led the present museum of fine arts about to be thrown oven to the general public, Numerous communications between Dr. Keep and Mr. Slater, sho was travelling abroad at the time, resulted by the latter's giving the Doctor unimited authority to it up the museum so that it would reflect credit upon the city which is known the country over as the "Rose

Edward Robinson, curator of sculpturing and antique unity at the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, was nex onsulted. Not being familiar with the city, Mr Robinson withheld his advice until he could visit the place. That he did several years ago, and was so (avorably impressed with the surroundings that he uggested that it be devoted to the fine arts, both lussical and modern. Mr. slater at once invested im with full power and he started for Europe to ecure his reproductions. No expense was spared, and the Slater Memorial Museum, as it now standcomplete, is pronounced by the best of critics, both home and abroad, to be one of the finest of its tre in the word. It is devoted exclusively to re productions of the most famous statues, busts, friezes c., collected from London, Athens, Paris, Berita, Rome, Florence and Venice.

That section of the building devoted to the museum s a large half, with a wate garlery on its four sides There are windows below the gatiery, while other our in a flood of light from the roof. The hall is livided into sections by heavy sifk curtains, there which are completely shut off from the central area eithin the gallery circle. The main floor is devoted o Greek art entirely, while in the gallery is displayed the market. he scurpture of the middle ages and of the Rennissance

A large chony case is divided into various periods and contains reproductions of all ancient coins from he earliest times. The gallery is devoted to Italian art. In this collection is a pulpit in the Church of santa Croce, Florence, by Benedetto da Majano. Lorenzo De Medici, with the figures of Twilight and bawn, is very prominent. There is also the base of a tagpole in St. Mark's Square, Venice, the only repre uction exhibited in America. The Baptismai Fou rain and the panels of Luca della Robbia Singing Gal ery, framed in oak, make the act of the later middle ages quite complete. Photographs of paintings from ne early Italian down to Kaphael and Michelangelo, and the Spanish, Early German, Dutch and Flemis enoors, 275 Dames in all, are hung. The frames as made with panci backs, an original idea of Mr. Robin on, which allow a change of the pictures. This i he only museum in America that has ever attempte Another feature of the gailery are its two glasases filled with armor, sword hilts, swords, knive poons, ivory designs, etc. There are also many spools, Ivory designs, etc. There are a systeman, basts, both upon the main noor and in the gallery. The work of fitting up the museum has been done by the loston men, members of the foston Museum or the Arts. The superintendent was John Fraser, of Loston, who does all the interior work for the Boston Museum. Mr. Fraser, with three Italian sculptors has been here since just March and has been kept bus continually. His work is something to be proud of the introduced what he terms the revolving pedestals the introduced what he terms the revolving pede shich can be turned completely around to allow artist to work in any light. These pedestals are

thing entirely new-newness being one of the impor-tant features of the Stater Memorial Museum.
It is the intention of the faculty to add an in-structor in sculpture to the museum at an early date, and much attention will in the future be paid to the line aris by residents of this city. Mr. Stater is al-ready flooded with thanks and blessings for the great

BACK FROM SOUTH AMERICA.

REAR-ADMIRAL RRAINE ARRIVES HERE ON THE

ADVANCE-THERE WAS NO TRUTH IN THE REPORTS ABOUT THE TALLAPOOSA. Rear-Admiral D. L. Braine arrived from the South

Mantic Station on the steamer Advance yesterday Accompanying him were Lieutenants A. B. Wyckof and H. H. Darrell, and there were also on the vessel Ensign E. W. Sutphen, in charge of forty-seven me from the Tallapoosa and the Alliance, who had served out their time and were accordingly sent home. The men went to the Navy Yard where \$5 were given to each of them, and they were granted shore liberty. They will be paid off in a few days, and if at the en of three months they wish to enlist again the Govern ent is bound to take them; but if they do not take advantage of the privilege within this time they will Mr. Braine was at his comfortable home at No. 71

ocond place last night, spending the evening with his foreign station, which is the length of time officers t the Navy are obliged to serve before returning to the nited States, and he had returned after having been relieved by Rear Admiral Gillis. There was absolutel no significance in his returning other than this. Then vere three ships now in the South Atlantic Squadron the flagship Tallapoosa, the Alliance and the Swatara During June, July. August and September he has nade an extended trip up the Uruguay, Parana and La Plata rivers on the flagship, He visited Montevideo, Colonia, and other places on the Uruguay River; Rosario, Santa Fe, Colastine, Parana, Sand Nicolas and San Pedro on the Parana and Buenos Ayres and Montivideo on the La Plata, once the Tallapoosa during the trip got aground and injured the machinery slightly, but the damage was all repaired by the engineers on board, and she was given a trial trip of six hours, when she ran faste hat, she ever did before. This was the occurrence that gave rise to the report that the Taliapoosa had met with a serious accident. Mr. Braine said they had an enjoyable trip and fair weather until within a day er so of this port, when they experienced stermy He was enthusiastic when speaking of the reput

lies of south America, especially the Argentine Republic. "It seemed like a dream to me," he said Why, the whole country is gridironed with railrowis and they are being extended much more rapidly than people up here suppose. The city of La Plata, eight-cen miles south of Buenos Ayres, is a busy, bustling place just like New-York, and they have buildings there that compare favorably with any in our cities a day. Many Italians go there and stay a few years, as they do here, and then go home again. But every nation in Europe is furnishing its share of them. In fact, they are coming from all over the world except the United States. If I were a young man and could speak Spanish I would go there by the first steamer." He was glad, he said, the reporte had called so that he might deny the story of the Tallapousa's being seriously damaged.

A WASHINGTON EDITOR DYING.

Washington, Nov. 21.-Captain I. N. Burritt, pro lying in a critical condition for several days pas-suffering from cancer, and it is not expected that he can Eve much longer. He left the printing office Susquehanna County, Penn., where he was working to enter the army early in the War of the Rebeilton and distinguished hinself in several engagements At the close of the war he came to Washington to live

ARRESTED FOR KEEPING A SECRET. Captain Courad V. Sherring, a private detective, was arrested at his home in Elizabeth, on Tuesday, on he complaint of a brother of Thomas Hogg, who was

killed at the Union Depot some months ago. When e was known to have upon his person could not be found. Captain Sherring found that the missing jewelry had been picked up at the scene of the acchient and pawned by the finder. He learned that he could obtain the pawn-ticket provided he did not divulge the name of the finder. Captain Sherring con mited his employers and was told by them that they ad no desire to prosecute any one and would be satisfied if the jewelry could be recovered. John gg, the brother, however, demanded the name of

person who had given the ticket to Sherring. refus d to give the person's name. There-logg prefered a complaint against the de-charging him with larceny of the jewelry or mplicity in it.

Sherring's counsel John J. Lowdon, states that his
sherring's counsel John J. Lowdon, states that his
sherring's course was further than the case is likely to be settled beleased on bail. The case is likely to be settled be-

fore the next term of court.

HE PROBABLY TOOK CARBOLIC ACID. The dead body of a well-dress overed yes erday morning on a pile of lumber near he approach to the Communipaw Coal Company's He clutched a small phial in one hand. phial was labelled "Poison, carbohe acid. Lewis, pharmacist, No. 112 Avenue A, New-York." Several business cards were found in his pocket and on the back of one of them, written in pencil, was: "Please notify my family; my name and address on the other side." On the other side of the card was printed: "F. Geberding, manufacturer of fine clgars, No. 512 Sixth-st., between Avenues A and B, New-York." The body was removed to the Morgue and afterward claimed by his friends.

KILLED BY THE CARS. Gilbert Johnston, age twenty-three, of No. 286

traight-st., was struck and killed by a train on the New-York, Susquehanna and Western Railroad, while walking on the track Tuesday night. He was to have been married last evening in the Third Presbyterian Church, of which he was a member, to Miss Agnes Alderdice, and had fitted up a new home for his bride at No. 286 Straight-st. Miss Alderdice was terribly shocked at her lover's fate. Johnston was a native of County Down, Ireland, and a member of an Orange men's lodge. He has two brothers in Carlfornia. He was employed as a bridge-builder on the Susquehanna Railroad.

JERSEY CITY.

The twenty-sixth annual convention of the Hudson ounty Sunday-school Association was held Tuesday in the Westminster Presbyterian Church. a large attendance. The officers elected for the en-suing year were J. V. Forster, president; F. E. Blake, corresponding secretary; Arthur Brigham, recording ecretary; Stacy R. Fisher, treasurer. An application will be made to Judge Knapp on

saturday for a writ of certiorari to test the constiout onality of the County Road act, which was adopted Public sentiment is in favor of the road, but it is deemed advisable to establish the validity of the act before putting the bonds on

The Board of Freeholders will pay their annual visit of inspection to the Morris Plains Lunatic Asylum to-day.

NEWARK.

The congregation of the Second Presbyterian Church has decided by a unanimous vote to call the Rev. Howard Duffield, of the Westminster Church, Detroit, Mich., as paster to succeed the Rev. Dr. Fewsmith city, and a handsome new church and parsonage have

VARIOUS NEW-JERSEY TOWNS. PATERSON.-The Paterson Musical Union, after an xistence of about fifteen years, has voted to disband. It is the oldest choral society in the city and was

prosperous for more than a decade under the leader dp of Florian Oborski, who organized it. state Senator John W. Griggs, as counsel for William Boyle, who was fied with Thomas McCoy in the section for Alderman in the Second Ward last spring. has obtained from the New-Jersey Supreme Court a rule, returnable Monday, to show cause why a mandais should not be issued compelling the Board of Aldermen to order a special election to fill the vacancy. The County and Supreme Courts have decided that there was no election for Alderman in the ward last

ELIZABETH.-Thirteen-year-old William Van Ness. who was convicted of having set fire to Drake's laundry in Plainfield, was committed to the State Reform School by Judge McCormick yesterday.

BAYONNE.-The Common Council has authorized a committee to negotiate with the Montelair Water Company for a new supply of water. The present apply is obtained from Jersey City, which owns the listribution pipes.

SHORT HILLS.-James R. Pitcher has this week | 3 inches rown his nurseries open to the public and they are fally crowded with people who some to see the new thrysanthemum, the prize beauty. Mrs. Alpheus Hardy, WEEHAWKEN.-Frank Cox was caught in the machinery of a steam stone crusher and fatally injured

vesterday. Both arms were torn from his body.

LONG ISLAND. BOCKAWAY BEACH.—Some men who were out imping vesterday found the sheleton of a man among the brush near the big hotel. There is no clew to is identify.

MINEOLA.—The Temporary Home for Children was oponed yesterday. There were many visitors present and a handsome sum was realized from the sale of fancy articles at the booths.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY. MT. VERNON.—Two sons of Mr. Odell. living near oller's ice pond, were discovered yesterday morning an unconscious condition in the room in which they ept in an outbuilding, from the effects of coal gas

rom a stove.

SING SING,—John Hogan, age twenty-four, who was committed on September 24, 1887, from Newfork to State prison for four years for grand larceny in the second degree, was found dead in his ceil yearday morning. He had been subject to epileptic

feet 4 1-2 inches.

HOW SHALL THE G. A. R. DRESS!

TIRED OF LOOKING LIKE PORTERS AND STREET-CAR CONDUCTORS, THE VETERANS DISCUSS UNIFORM. It is not strange that the veterans of the Grand

Army of the Republic have begun to agitate the subject of a change in their uniform, and that they are trying to hit upon something which will be more distinctive and attractive in appearance the regulation garb they are wearing; and which they weer in common with all manner of uniformed classes, including conductors of various grades, botel waiters, steamer employes, rathroad baggagemen and porters, elevator boys, apartment-house attendants, and even Post Office and Custom House officials The comrades of Horace Greeley Post, No. 577, were the first o take definite action on the subject, which they did at their regular encampment last Sunday, and its effect has been to bring the question to the attention of members of the organization. The agitation bids fair to be general, and it is

felt that some good must result from it in the way of a more acceptable style of uniform throughout. Opinions so far as expressed differ largely, but the lisposition seems to be not only to get rid of the regulation coat which is now the common property of o many organizations, societies and classes, but that the unsightly slouch hat shall give place to something in modern style. At the next meeting of the Grand Army Posts it is understood that the question of

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. San Francisco, Nov. 21, 1888.

Yesterday. To-day.					
Alta. Bulwer Best & Belcher. Bodie cou. Choliar Con. Cal. & Va. Crown Point. Gould & Curry. Hale & Nor Mexican. Mons.	3.35 .50 7.25 1.80 3.90 9.62 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 6.62 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 6.50 4.50 1.30	3.40 -55 7.25 1.75 4.10 9.874 6.50 4.50 4.60	Navajo. Ophir Potosi Savage Sierra Nevada Union Con. Utah Yellow Jacket. Nevada Queen North Belie Is. Common wealth	2.80 7.37 ½ 3.60 4.60 3.85 3.90 1.53 6.25 2.90 2.15 3.80	7.87 3.85 4.70 3.85 1.05 6.24 2.00 2.00 2.00

PETCOLDS ENOKES AT THE AMATEUR AT LETIC UNION GAMES.

THE 56-POUND WEIGHT AND THE 24-POUND SHOT GO HIGHER AND FURTHER THAN THEY EVER WENT BEFORE.

Lycurgus died some time ago, but the boys still swear by him as the Tennesseeans swear by "OM Hickory." The influence of the strict o'd lawgiver who persuaded Spartan mothers to bathe th ir babies in wine instead of water in order to try the metal of which they were made, prevailed to a large degree over the first supplementary in-door meeting for the championship of the United States which was held at Madison Square Garden last night by the Amateur Athletic Union. But if any of the ancestors of the boys who displayed their prowess came from oid Sparta in their "other manifestation," and hovered among the rafters of the Garden between the hour of 8 and 11:30 p. m., they must have been too cold o get up a large degree of enthusiasm. The amphitheatre was filled with spe tators, but there was not calorie enough in the crowd to warm anybody except the runners, jumpers, hurdlers, kickers, vaulters, sh putters, weight-lifters and other gladiators, who ported bure-legged in the arena. The absence of warms-Was compensated for by din o an unearthly sort, made by groups of offensive partisans, who tooted in horns and split the air every five minutes with "C-o-I-u-m-b-I-a," "P-a-s-t-I-m-e" and "O-1-y-m-p-t-c." Many of the boxes were occupied by young ladies. Spartan in their determination to enourage budding manhood. And their smiles were wonderfully effective. Among the club men who did not sport silk, there

were Rerman Celrichs, Eberhard Faber, president of the Staten Island Athletic Club; M. W. Phillips, president of the Schuylkiii Navy; William Brinkerhoff, president of the Jersey City Athletic Club; Lieutenant Colonel George Moore Smith, president of the 7th Regiment Athletic Club; Eugene Pomeroy, director of the R. W. Clark, directors of the Detroit Athletic Club; W. Hawksworth, president of the Orange, N Athletic Club; John S. White, president of the Berkeley Athletic Club; Randolph St. G. Walker, secretary of the Staten Island Cricket and Baseball Club; J. Clark Read, secretary of the Berkeley Athletic Club; Edward Milligae, captain of the Schuykill Navy; John Wood, director of the Pastime A. C.; Albert C. Stevens, vice-president of the New-Jersey A. C., and F. W. Janssen, Otto Ruhl, A. V. DeGolcouria, J. W. Edwards and John Haneker.

Twenty-four clubs were represented in the games. There were no handicaps. Some of the races were as close and exciting as a horse race. In the 150 yards run, King. of the Columbia A. C., Washington, and White, of the New-York A. C., finished noses apart, and the partisans of both set up a great clamor, trying to frighten the judges into making it a dead White got the verdict by a hair and King's heat. henchmen' blased.

Westing, the 100-yard champion; Al Copeland, the hurdle champion; Malcolm W. Ford, S. F. Freeth, the cross country runner, and Bostwick, of the 7th Regiment, were missed, having been blacklisted by the Uhnion for taking part in Association games. The record for height in throwing the 56-pound

weight was knocked into smithereens by M. O'Sulliof the Pastimes, who got it to a pitch of 13 feet 11 5-8 inches. Previous record-13 feet 9 inches. Queckberner, of the Staten Island Club, pressed O'Sullivan hard, finishing second.

Jordan made play with his opponents over the hurdles, winning in a common canter. In the six-furiong walk, little Burckhardt, of the

Pastimes, left his field as if they were standing still, winning as he pleased, away off. Bull, of Yale, wasn't on hand to kick the football over the garden wall. He was afraid of lifting the

light globe and shattered It. George R. Gray, of the N. Y. A. C., far exceeded the record for putting the 24-pound shot, sending it 32 feet 6 3-4 inches. The record-27 feet 11 incheswas made by George Ross, an Englishman, tweive years ago. America beats the world. Mr. Gray gave an exhibition "put" of 33 feet 9 1-2 inches.

roof off. Lindsay, of Staten Island, shot at an electric

W. F. Thompson, of the Staten Island A. C., ran in the two-mile race against the wishes of his father and his doctor, and at the conclusion of the contest fainted on the track.

Following are the scores made in the various con-Seventy-five yards' run. Seven heats. Winner-F. W. obinson, Yale College and N. Y. A. C. Time-S 2-5

Robinson, Yalo College and N. Y. A. C. seconds. Record-7 3-4 seconds. Two-hundred yards' hurdle (3 feet 6 inches). Single heat. Winner-A. A. Jordan, N. Y. A. C. 30 4-5 seconds. Record-28 1-2 seconds. Three-quarter mile walk. Winner-W. R. Burekhardt, Time-5:14. Record-4:40 1-2. Pastimo A. C. Winner-G. Y. Gylbert One thousand yards' run.

Time-2:26 4-5. Record-2:13. N. Y. A. C. One-hundred-and-fifty yards' run. Four heats. Winner -W. C. White, N. Y. A. C. Time-17 1.5 seconds Record-14 4-5 seconds. Running hop, step and jump. Winner-G. R. Robertson, M. A. C. Distance-43 feet 1 inch. Record-48 feet

Six hundred yards' run. Winner-J. P. Thornton, N. Y. A. C. Time-1:23 2-5. Record-1:11 2-5. Three hundred yards' hurile (2 feet six inches). Single heat. Winner-A. A. Jordan, N. Y. A. C. Time-

Four-mile walk. Winner-S. Cramer, Pastime A. C. Time-32:13. Record-29:10. Three hundred yards' run. Single heat. Winner-J. P. Thornton, N. Y. A. C. Time-0:34 4-5. Record -0:31 3-8.

0:41. Record-None.

Two-mile run. Winner-A. B. Geerge, Spartan Har-Ars, England. Time-19:18 1-5. Record-9:17 2-5. Kicking football. Winner-Frank Cunningham, S. L. Standing high jump. Winner-S. Crook, M. A. Distance-4 feet 11 1-2 inches. Record-5 feet 1 1-4

Fifty-six pound weight for height. Winner-M. O'Sullivan, Pastime A. C. Height-13 feet 11 5-8 inches. Record-13 feet 9 inches. Standing broad jump. Winner-S. Crook, M. A. C.

Putting 24-pound shot, Winner-George R. Gray, Y. A. C. Distance-32 feet 6 3-4 inches. Record-27 feet 11 inches. Three standing broad jumps. Winner-S. Crook,
A. C. Distance-32 feet 5 1-4 inches. Record-34

Distance-10 feet 4 inches. Record-10 feet 9 3-4 in

A FOOTBALL DEFEAT FOR WILLIAMS COLLEGE. Boston, Nov. 21.—The Institute of Technology football team defeated the Williams College boys this afternoon by a score of 22 to 0. The same was splendialy played on the part of the winners, and was watched with interest on the part of the winners, and was watened with interest by the followers of Technology, as it virtually decided the latter's chances for the championship. Dusne made the first touchdown for Technology. The try for goal failed, and time was called. In the second half the Technology made four goals, when the game was called on account of

THAT CONTESTED NASHVILLE DISTRICT.

Nashville, Nov. 21 (Special).-The State board of canvassers to-day made a canvass of the votes cast in the HId Congressional District for Creed F. Bates and H. C. Evans. The former was the Democratic, and the latter the Republican nominee, and the returns received at the State House show a majority for Evans of 288. There were received yesterday amended returns from two counties. To-day the State Board met to canvass the returns. Prominent Republicans and Democrats were admitted, and after a long conference a member of the board said the matter would be settled to-morrow. The Democrats charge filegal voting in certain districts, and the Republicans say the board cannot receive

TO PUSH THE BALLOT REFORM BILL

There is an undoubted purpose to make the Ballot Reform bill, which passed the Legislature and was killed Reform bill, which passed the Legislature and was killed by Governor Hill's veto, one of the first questions to be brought forward in the new Legislature. It will probably be amended so as to meet most of the objections urged against it by the Governor, but the friends of the measure believe that they are strong enough now to pass it over the Governor's head if he should presume to veto its again. This seems to be the general feeling among Republicans, Labor men and independent Democrats, who are its pronounced advocates. Said a prominent who are its pronounced advocates. Said a prominent young lawyer yesterday, who has zealously favored the

both duty and interest make it imperative for the Republi-can party to press to an issue before all others. If Mr. Hill has the hardihood to veto it again, we possess the voting strength in the next Legislature to pass it in spito of him. In the Senate we have 21 Republicans, which with Senator Linson, a Democrat pledged to its passage, will make 22 votes—more than two-thirds in the apper house. In the Assembly we need 86 ovtes. We have 80 Republicans, and Martin and Roesch, of New-York, Bush, of Chemung, and Greene, of Orange, four Demo-crats, were elected as friends of the bill. We only need two Democrats more, and I think I know where they are to be had, atthough it may not be advisable just now to say who they are. There is no question of success if our friends will stand together and use common political sense. I predict the final passage of the bill before the Legislas-